

# National Argon Map: an AuScope Initiative

## $^{40}\text{Ar}/^{39}\text{Ar}$ Geochronology Laboratory Sample Submission Form

This form must be completed and returned to Marnie Forster ([Marnie.Forster@anu.edu.au](mailto:Marnie.Forster@anu.edu.au)) before any work can be commenced in the Argon Laboratories.

<b>Person submitting samples:</b> Nick Roberts
<b>Affiliation:</b> Mineral Resources Tasmania
<b>Project Title:</b> Mid-Cenozoic chronostratigraphy of central and northern Tasmania
<b>Sample Number(s) (including IGSN if one exists):</b> A501215 (MRT Reg. No.)
<b>Mineral separation required? Yes or No:</b> No
<b>Date submitted:</b> 20/07/2021

<b>GEOGRAPHIC AREA/ PROVINCE/ BASIN :</b> Central/NW Tasmania	
<b>1:250k SHEET NAME:</b> Geology of SW Tasmania (2011)	<b>NUMBER:</b> SK55-3 Burnie (old series)
<b>1:25k SHEET NAME:</b> Rowallan (not published)	<b>NUMBER:</b> 4237
<b>LOCATION METHOD:</b> (GPS: GDA94), as reported by Entura	
<b>ZONE:</b> 55	
<b>EASTING:</b> 431797	<b>NORTHING:</b> 5378572
<b>LATITUDE:</b> 41°44'30"S	<b>LONGITUDE:</b> 146°10'47"E

<b>STRATIGRAPHIC UNIT FORMAL NAME *:</b>
<b>STRATIGRAPHIC UNIT INFORMAL NAME:</b> Tertiary basalts
<b>LITHOLOGY:</b> Basalt

<b>DRILLHOLE ID (if applicable):</b> RO-BH04/RO-BH04a (MRT ID 92373/92374)
<b>PROSPECT (if applicable):</b>
<b>DEPTH FROM (metres):</b> 293.75
<b>DEPTH TO (metres):</b> 293.95

\* Stratigraphic Unit names can be searched and checked within the Australian Stratigraphic Units Database via the following link: <https://asud.ga.gov.au/>

### Dating Objective

**What is the geological question  $^{40}\text{Ar}/^{39}\text{Ar}$  analysis will address?**

Provide age constraint on an ~480-m-thick, mid-Cenozoic, palaeovalley-fill sequence of basalt flows and continental sediments underlying the western part of Tasmania's Central Plateau at Maggs Mountain.

**What type of age(s) are expected? (e.g. magmatic crystallisation, metamorphism, fluid alteration/mineralisation, cooling, shearing etc):**

Cooling/emplacement ages of an individual basalt flow near the base of the ~290-m-thick basalt stack that dominates the upper half of the drillhole.

**Mineral target(s) for dating:**

Groundmass.

**Estimated  $^{40}\text{Ar}/^{39}\text{Ar}$  age (e.g. Cenozoic, Mesozoic, Paleozoic, Proterozoic, Archean – provide estimated numerical age range if possible):**

Cenozoic. Based on  $^{40}\text{K}$ - $^{40}\text{Ar}$  and  $^{40}\text{Ar}/^{39}\text{Ar}$  ages of other Tertiary basalt-flow sequences in this part of Tasmania, the age is likely to be between ca. 40 and 20 Ma. Biostratigraphic constraints on sediment sequences in the region provided by pollen/spore assemblages suggest that a late-Eocene to early-Oligocene age is most probable.

### Sample Information

**Location description (e.g. a sample of x was collected from y, z km from abc town):**

This drillhole is located ~40 km south of the settlement of Wilmot, Tasmania, and ~2 km west of the north end of Lake Rowallan close to Maggs Road. The sample is from 293.75-293.95 m depth, ~280 m below the top of the basalt stack and ~10 m above the base of the basalt stack.

**Lithological characteristics (rock description):**

Fresh, well crystallised basalt flow (chemically hawaiite).

**Relative age constraints (pertinent geological relationships with surrounding rock units and any previous geochronology):**

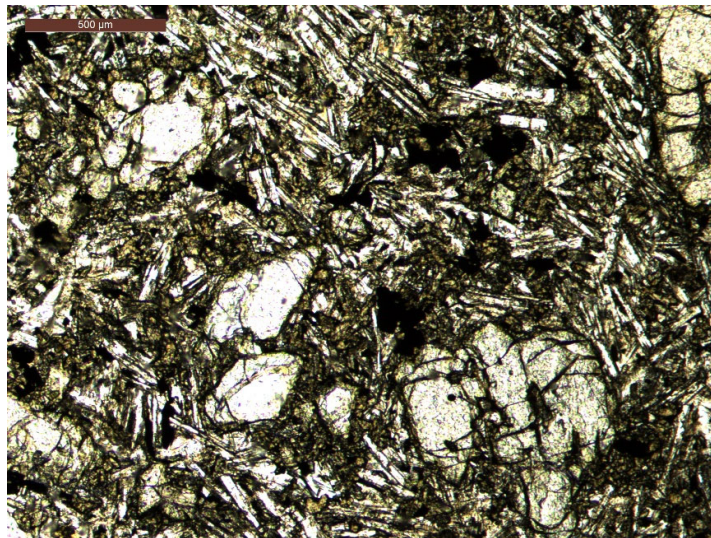
The sample is from the lowest flow in a sequence interbedded with and overlying unlithified to very poorly lithified, continental, clastic sediment. The sequence is overlain by ~13 m of late-Cenozoic glacial drift that predates the last glaciation. No previous geochronology has been conducted on this sequence, although six samples from the fine-grained sediments between and below flows of the basalt stack have been submitted for palynological analysis.

**Thin section description (if available):**

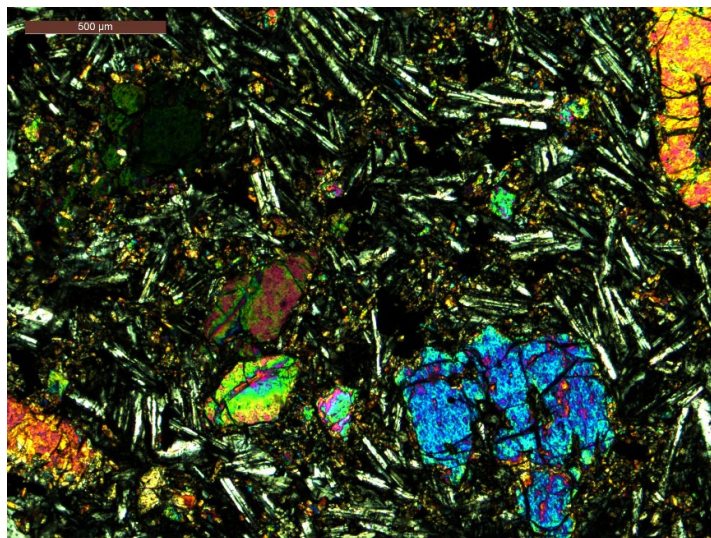
Abundant fresh olivine phenocrysts (mostly 0.5-1 mm), some embayed, lie in a well-crystallised intergranular groundmass of plagioclase laths, 150- 400 (-500) um long, clinopyroxene granules and fairly large ( $\leq 250$  um) equant, irregular to elongate opaque grains, together with some interstitial clear K-feldspar and/or feldspathoid. No alteration or carbonate are noted.

**Photograph(s) e.g. field site, hand-specimen, photomicrograph:**

These and additional photomicrographs have been provided to laboratory staff at Curtin University.



A501215\_MaggsBH4-294m\_x5\_PPL



A501215\_MaggsBH4-294m\_x5\_XN

**Relevant bibliographic references:**

*None.*